§ 1427.20

- (2) For ELS cotton, by repaying the loan amount and charges, plus interest determined for such bales.
- (d) CCC shall determine and publicly announce the adjusted world price for each crop of upland cotton on a weekly basis.
- (e) The difference between the loan level, excluding charges and interest, and the loan repayment level is the market gain. The total amount of any market gain realized by a person is subject to part 1400 of this chapter.
- (f) Repayment of loans will not be accepted after CCC acquires title to the cotton under §1427.7.
- (g) In the event that Thursday is a non-workday, such loan repayments will not be accepted beginning at 7 a.m. Eastern Standard time the next workday until an announcement of the adjusted world price for the succeeding weekly period has been made under §1427.25(e).
- (h) If the upland cotton pledged as collateral is eligible to be redeemed at a rate less than the loan level and charges, plus interest, and the adjusted world price determined under §1427.25:
- (1) Below the national average loan rate for upland cotton, CCC will pay at the time of loan repayment to the producer or agent or subsequent agent authorized by the producer in the manner prescribed by CCC, the warehouse storage charges which have accrued, for the cotton pledged as collateral for such loan, during the period the cotton was pledged for loan;
- (2) Above the national average loan rate by less than the sum of the accrued interest and warehouse storage charges, that accrued during the period the cotton was pledged for loan, CCC will pay at the time of loan repayment to the producer or agent or subsequent agent authorized by the producer in the manner prescribed by CCC, that portion of the warehouse storage charges, that accrued during the period the cotton was pledged for loan, that are determined to be necessary to permit the loan to be repaid at the adjusted world price without regard to any warehouse charges that accrued before the cotton was pledged for loan;
- (3) Above the national average loan rate by as much as or more than the

sum of the accrued interest and warehouse storage charges that accrued during the period the cotton was pledged for loan, CCC shall not pay any of the accrued warehouse storage charges.

(i) Repayment of loans will not be accepted after CCC acquires title to the cotton in accordance with §1427.7.

§ 1427.20 Handling payments and collections not exceeding \$9.99.

Amounts of \$9.99 or less will be paid to the producer only at their request. Deficiencies of \$9.99 or less, including interest, may be disregarded unless CCC demands in writing that they be paid.

§1427.21 Settlement.

- (a) The settlement of loans shall be made by CCC on the basis of the quality and quantity of the cotton delivered to CCC by the producer or acquired by CCC.
- (b) Settlements made by CCC for eligible cotton which are acquired by CCC which are stored in an approved warehouse shall be made on the basis of the entries set forth on the applicable warehouse receipt and other accompanying documents.
- (c) If a producer does not pay CCC the amount due under a loan, CCC shall take title to the cotton as provided in §1427.7(b).
- (d) With respect to ELS cotton which is stored as provided in §1427.10(e), settlement of loans shall be made based upon the determination of the quantity and quality made by CCC at the time of acceptance of the cotton by CCC at the warehouse designated by CCC as provided in §1427.18(k).

[67 FR 64459, Oct. 18, 2002, as amended at 68 FR 49329, Aug. 18, 2003]

\$ 1427.22 Commodity certificate exchanges.

- (a) For any outstanding marketing assistance loan, a producer may purchase a commodity certificate and exchange that commodity certificate for the marketing assistance loan collateral.
- (b) The exchange rate is the lesser of:
- (1) The loan rate and charges, plus interest applicable to the loan, or

- (2) The adjusted world price for cotton as determined by CCC.
- (c) Producers must request a commodity certificate exchange in person at the FSA county service center that disbursed the marketing assistance loan by:
- (1) Čompleting a written request as CCC determines,
- (2) Purchasing a commodity certificate for the exact amount required to exchange the marketing assistance loan collateral, and
- (3) Immediately exchanging the purchased commodity certificate for the outstanding loan collateral.

§1427.23 Cotton loan deficiency payments.

- (a) In order to be eligible to receive such loan deficiency payments, the producer of the upland cotton must:
- (1) Comply with all of the upland cotton marketing assistance loan eligibility requirements under this subpart;
- (2) Agree to forgo obtaining such loans unless denied a loan deficiency payment due to payment limitation;
- (3) File a request for payment for a quantity of eligible cotton under §1427.5(a) on a form approved by CCC;
- (4) Provide warehouse receipts or, as determined by CCC, a list of gin bale numbers for such cotton showing, for each bale, the net weight established at the gin;
- (5) For loan deficiency payments requested before ginning of the cotton based on a locked-in adjusted world price, provide identifying numbers for modules or other storage units that will correspond to the gin-assigned numbers of the bales produced from the unginned cotton; and
- $(\overline{\mathbf{6}})$ Otherwise comply with all program requirements.
- (b) The loan deficiency payment applicable to a crop of cotton shall be computed by multiplying the applicable loan deficiency payment rate, as determined under paragraph (c) of this section, by the quantity of the crop the producer is eligible to pledge as collateral for a loan, excluding any quantity for which the producer obtains a marketing assistance loan.
- (c) The loan deficiency payment rate for a crop of upland cotton shall be the amount by which the loan rate deter-

- mined for a bale of such crop exceeds the adjusted world price, as determined by CCC under §1427.25, in effect on the day the request is received by, the county office, loan servicing agent, or cotton commercial bank. In no case shall the loan deficiency payment rate for a bale exceed the value of the bale had it been pledged as collateral for a marketing assistance loan.
- (d) The total amount of any loan deficiency payments that a person may receive is subject to part 1400 of this chapter.
- (e) If the producer enters into an agreement with CCC on or before the date of ginning a quantity of eligible upland cotton, and the producer has the beneficial interest in such quantity as specified under §1427.5(c) on the date the cotton was ginned, and the producer meets all the other requirements in paragraph (a) of this section on or before the final date to apply for a loan deficiency payment under §1427.5, the loan deficiency payment rate applicable to such cotton will be:
- (1) Based on the date the cotton was ginned if payment application is made in the manner prescribed by CCC for obtaining such rate; or
- (2) Based on the date of request for lock-in of the adjusted world price if payment application is made in the manner prescribed by CCC for obtaining such rate; or
- (3) Based on the date a completed request including production evidence is submitted in the manner prescribed by CCC for obtaining such rate.
- (f) In the event that Thursday is a non-workday, such applications for loan deficiency payments will not be accepted beginning at 7 a.m. Eastern Standard time the next workday until an announcement of the adjusted world price for the succeeding weekly period has been made under §1427.25(e).
- (g) With respect only to loan deficiency payments for upland cotton produced in the 2001 crop year, whether or not produced on a farm covered by a production flexibility contract, the applicable final availability for such payment is November 18, 2002.